# Career Self-Advocacy: How I Got a Six-Figure Job In the Private Sector

Meghan Anzelc August 20, 2013





#### Disclaimer

The views expressed by the speaker are her own and may not necessarily reflect those of her employer.



#### A bit about me...

- •Background: PhD in physics from Northwestern University, dissertation work completed at Fermilab
- •First job after grad school: Consultant role in a predictive modeling group at Travelers insurance company
- •Current job: Director role in a predictive modeling group at CNA insurance company



### Why not academia?

#### Before grad school:

- Really enjoyed the research internships I had in college
- Went to grad school to do in-depth research
- Wanted to do research after grad school

#### During grad school:

- Hiring freeze at Fermilab, few true research positions
- Reality is different than what I had imagined
- Not interested in becoming a professor
- Started thinking about other careers years before I graduated



### Step 1: Figure out what others have done

- Learned that there are ~1500 physics PhDs per year but only a few hundred faculty jobs per year\*
  - The overwhelming <u>majoring [OR MAJORITY]</u> of physics PhDs don't stay in academia
- Looked for where those physicists went, what successes they had
  - My network was almost all academic physicists
  - Couldn't find much information on physicists working outside academia online
  - Decided to find people and interview them about their experiences this turned into a resource for FGSA: <a href="http://www.aps.org/units/fgsa/careers/non-https://www.aps.org/units/f
  - Identified people through the APS directory, alumni directories, searches online
- At the same time, I was applying for graduate grants and fellowships (I was tired of living on a graduate stipend)
  - I was awarded the AFCEA graduate fellowship, leader became a mentor to me

<sup>\*</sup> From <a href="http://www.aip.org/statistics/trends/highlite/edphysgrad/figure1a.htm">http://www.aip.org/statistics/trends/highlite/edphysgrad/figure1a.htm</a> and <a href="http://www.aip.org/statistics/trends/highlite/other/table12.htm">http://www.aip.org/statistics/trends/highlite/other/table12.htm</a>



### Step 2: Think about what I want to do

- What are my strengths?
- What do I really enjoy about my work?
- What do I dislike?
- Where am I willing to live?
- What is important to me in the company culture?
- What would my ideal job look like? What would I do all day? Who would I work with?



### Step 3: Figure out what I want to do

- Identified a mentor in industry I could talk to I went through MentorNet but there are other services
  - LinkedIn, your alumni, APS directory, etc. are other places to look
- Career services at my university
  - Not a lot of experience working with physics PhDs
  - Career path information, Vault career guides, resumes/cover letters/job applications
  - Helped me connect to alumni working in careers where my skills might fit: venture capital, investment banking, "quant" roles at trading firms, science-focused companies, etc. leading to additional informational interviews
  - Later, they worked with me to determine appropriate salary ranges, coached me through job offer and salary negotiations



### Step 4: Identify possible jobs

#### Career fairs

- Company representatives are often from HR or recruiting
- Good practice describing my skills and what I could offer

#### Job boards

- Learned about what may and may not be a good fit for me
- Job descriptions helped me understand what was important to the company

#### Networking

- Talked to anyone I knew who worked in an industry I was interested in
- Let people know I was looking for jobs and what I was interested in doing
- At the time, my network was narrow physicists, family, friends



### Step 5: Find a job

- Apply, apply, apply
  - Needed to stay focused spent time every day on my job search
  - Sometimes very frustrating and overwhelming
- Asked hiring managers and recruiters for feedback (when possible)
  - Recruiters can be great resources for good, honest feedback
- Continued to learn, tweak, try again
- Apply some more
  - Over 6 months: ~300 job applications, ~dozen job fairs, 6 interviews, 2 offers
  - Lots of practice describing the skills I offered and why I would be good for the job



### How I got my first job

- Networking
  - Led to informational interview,
  - Which led to an offer to apply,
  - Which led to an interview (well, 3 interviews),
  - Which led to an offer,
  - Which I negotiated and then accepted
- Never know which connection, which conversation, which application will lead to your next job
- Have to keep working on the job search, learning, and trying again



### Step 6: Become a valued employee

- Learn
- Ask lots of questions you're new, no one expects you to know everything
- How does the company work? What problems need solving? How does your work help improve the company?
- Network what are the different functions, how do they work together
- Find ways to contribute early, even if small show you're there to add value



## What I've learned from the other side of the table

- Help the interviewer understand how your skills relate to the job
- Ask them questions this is your chance to interview them as well
- Ask for feedback afterwards from the recruiter
- Learn from your job search and adjust as needed
- Culture and fit
- Networking and giving back